Serial No.: 10/587,088

## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A method for producing an optically active hydroxymethylated compound, comprising reacting a silicon enolate and formaldehyde, in the presence of a catalyst, in an aqueous solution or a mixed solvent of water and an organic solvent,

wherein the silicon enolate is represented by the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^7 & OSi(R^8)_3 \\
R^5 & R^6
\end{array}$$

wherein R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group and R<sup>6</sup> represents an alkyl group, an alkyl aryl group, or an aryl group, provided that a phenyl group, a benzyl group, a phenyl ethyl group, or a phenyl vinyl group, or wherein R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> may together with the carbon atoms to which they are bonded form an indene, 1,2-dihydronaphthylene, cyclohexene, cycloheptene or cyclopentene ring, R<sup>7</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, and alkyl aryl group, or an aryl groupa phenyl group, a benzyl group, a phenyl ethyl group, or a phenyl vinyl group, and the R<sup>8</sup> groups, which may be identical or different, are each alkyl groups, and

the catalyst is obtained by mixing a ligand or its symmetric isomer and a Lewis acid, wherein the ligand is represented by the following formula:

$$R^{3} \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{R^{4}} R^{4}$$

$$R^{1} \xrightarrow{X^{1}} X^{2} \cdots R^{2}$$

wherein each  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  group, which may be identical or different, is an alkyl group er an aryl-group, provided that at least one of  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  contains at least three carbon atoms, the  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  groups, which may be identical or different, are each hydrogen atoms, alkyl groups containing one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy groups, the  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  groups, which may be identical or different, are each –OH or -OMe, and

Serial No.: 10/587,088

the Lewis acid is represented by MY<sub>n</sub>, wherein M is Cu, Zn, Fe, Sc or a lanthanoid element, Y is a halogen atom, OAc, OCOCF<sub>3</sub>, ClO<sub>4</sub>, SbF<sub>6</sub>, PF<sub>6</sub> or OSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub> and n is 2 or 3.

## 2. (Canceled)

3. (Withdrawn – currently amended) A catalyst obtained by mixing a ligand or its symmetric isomer and a Lewis acid, wherein the ligand is represented by the following formula (chemical formula 1):

$$R^{3} \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{N^{2}} R^{4}$$

$$R^{1} \xrightarrow{X^{1}} X^{2} \xrightarrow{N^{2}} R^{2}$$

wherein <u>each</u>  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  <u>group</u>, <u>which</u> may be identical or different, are <u>hydrogen atoms</u>, <u>is an</u> alkyl groups or <u>aryl groups</u>, <u>provided</u> at least one of  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  contains at least three carbon atoms,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , <u>which</u> may be identical or different, are hydrogen atoms, alkyl groups containing one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy groups, <u>and</u>  $X^1$  and  $X^2$ , <u>which</u> may be identical or different, are <u>represented by -OR<sup>9</sup>, -SR<sup>40</sup> or -NHR<sup>44</sup>, wherein  $R^9$  to  $R^{44}$  are hydrogen atoms or alkyl groups <u>-OH or -OMe</u>, and the Lewis acid is represented by  $MY_n$ , wherein M is Cu, Zn, Fe, Sc or a lanthanoid element, Y is a halogen atom, OAc, OCOCF<sub>3</sub>, ClO<sub>4</sub>, SbF<sub>6</sub>, PF<sub>6</sub> or OSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub> and n is 2 or 3.</u>